

# Historical Heroes

## What does it take to become a significant, historical hero?

Timeline							
More than 400 years ago	More than 350 years ago	More than 220 years ago	More than 200 years ago	More than 150 years ago	More than 140 years ago	3 years ago	Today
The Gunpowder plot	The Great Fire of London	John Cadbury was born	Florence Nightingale was born	Florence travelled to Scutari	'Factory in a garden' opened	You started school	Today is 2022

Key Vocabulary	Definitions
artefact	an object made by humans often from the past
back to back houses	terraced houses that share three of their four walls with each other
chronological order	to place events or objects in time order
Crimean War	a war between Great Britain, France, Turkey and Sardinia on one side and Russia on the other
factory	a building where goods are manufactured
factory in a garden	a space with semi-detached houses and lots of gardens created by the Cadbury brothers
field study	research carried out in a natural environment
herbal remedies	medicine created using plants and herbs
holiday/ sick pay	to still get paid for holidays and when you are sick
human features	features of the environment created by human sometimes called man made
pension	money paid regularly when someone retires
physical features	features of the environment created naturally
soldier	a person who serves in the army
sources (historical)	something that tell us about the past
timeline	a graph of events showing the order they happened
warehouse	a large building to keep materials or goods
wounded soldier	a soldier who is badly hurt

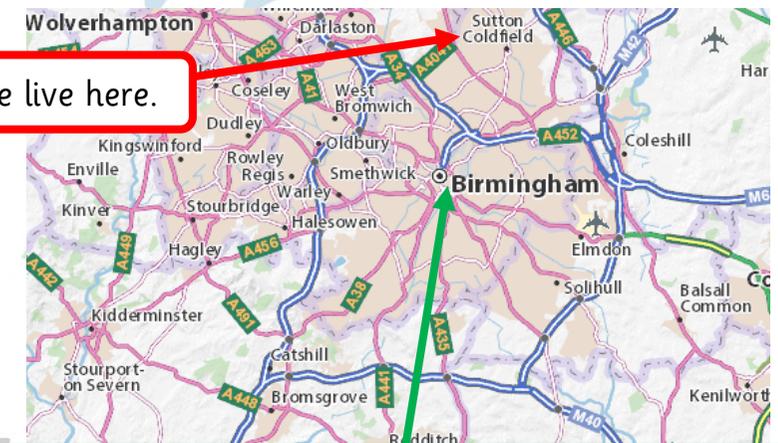
### Physical features



### Human features



We live here.



### Birmingham

Life in Birmingham 200 years ago was very different. People had to live in one room with their whole family. It was dirty and the air was filled with thick black smoke. Children had to work in the factories and were not able to go to school to learn.

## What was Birmingham like 200 years ago?

Children did not go to school instead they worked in factories.

Families shared houses and sometimes even shared only one room to eat, sleep and live in.



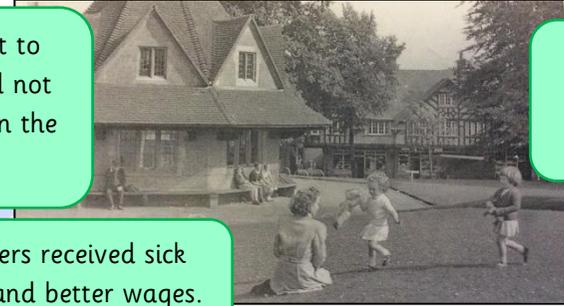
The skies were full of thick, black smoke.

Factories were not safe places and lots of workers had many accidents and sometimes even died.

## What was Bournville like 200 years ago?

Children went to school and did not have to work in the factories.

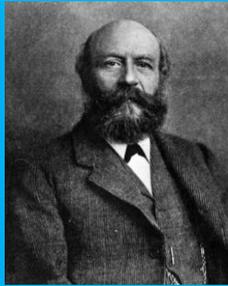
Factory workers received sick pay, holidays and better wages.



Families had their own houses and a garden to play in.

## John Cadbury and his family

- \* Born: 12 August 1801
- \* Died: 11 May 1889
- \* Had 7 children
- \* Founded Cadburys



The Cadbury family cared about their workers and created a new village called Bournville. They created the 'factory in a garden' where workers were given their own houses with gardens. The workers received sick pay, holidays and training opportunities. People also had recreational groups like netball.

## Florence Nightingale

- \* Born: 12 May 1820
- \* Died: 13 August 1910
- \* Known as the 'Lady with the lamp'



Florence knew she wanted to become a nurse so she studied hard and read lots of books. She travelled to Scutari to the British Hospital. She was upset to find how dirty it was. There were rats and human waste all over the hospital. Soldiers were dying on the floor in pools of their own blood. She made her nurses clean up the hospital and give the soldiers proper beds.

## Mary Seacole

- \* Born: 23 November 1805
- \* Died: 14 May 1881
- \* Born in Jamaica



Mary wanted to help in the Crimean War but she was refused because of her skin colour. She ignored this and travelled there herself using her own money. She set up her own hospital called the British Hotel. She helped soldiers get better with herbal remedies. After the war, people raised money to thank her because she had spent hers getting to the war.